

#### Department of Planning and Zoning Town of Vienna

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# Relevant Zoning Variance Code Sections

(Rev. 2/15/2024)

## Town of Vienna

**Article 8. Administration, Procedures, And Enforcement** Section 18-843 Zoning Variance

- 1. Variances are allowed from requirements of this Chapter. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the power to grant, upon appeal or original application in specific cases, such variance from the terms of this chapter provided the burden of proof shall be on the applicant for a variance to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the application meets the standard for a variance and the criteria set out in this section.
- **2. Modification of Requirements.** Modification of Requirements, as described within *§18-830*, are not Zoning Variances, and the modifications that are eligible for site plan applications are not also eligible for Zoning Variances.
- 3. Submission Requirements.
  - **A. Site Survey or Infill Lot Plan.** All Zoning Variance requests shall be submitted with a site plan drawn by a licensed surveyor, showing existing lot conditions.
  - **B. Site Survey Showing Proposed Conditions.** A site survey must be provided, showing the proposed specific improvements and the proposed variance from the Zoning Code.
  - **C. Architectural Plans Required.** Variance requests that include the construction of an addition to an existing home or a new structure must include architectural elevations drawn by a licensed architect or other design professional. The architectural plans must be specific and complete as to the variance requested from the Zoning Code.
- **4. Criteria for Approval**. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, a variance shall be granted if the evidence shows that the strict application of the terms of the ordinance would unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property or that the granting of the variance would alleviate a hardship due to a physical condition relating to the property or improvements thereon at the time of the effective date of the ordinance, and:

- **A.** The property interest for which the variance is being requested was acquired in good faith and any hardship was not created by the applicant for the variance;
- **B.** The granting of the variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property and nearby properties in the proximity of that geographical area;
- **C.** The condition or situation of the property concerned is not of so general or recurring a nature as to make reasonably practicable the formulation of a general regulation to be adopted as an amendment to the ordinance.
- **D.** The granting of the variance does not result in a use that is not otherwise permitted on such property or a change in the zoning classification of the property; and,
- **E.** The relief or remedy sought by the variance application is not available through the Conditional Use Permit process or, when permitted by this Chapter, determination by the Zoning Administrator.

#### 5. Application and Review Process.

- **A. Pre-Application Meeting.** Applicant is required to attend a pre-application meeting with Town staff prior to submitting an application for a Zoning Variance. See §18-833 Pre-Application Meeting.
- **B. Review for completeness.** An application for a Zoning Variance is reviewed for completeness by the Director of Planning and Zoning and the Zoning Administrator. The application may be referred to the Director of Public Works if determined to be necessary by the Zoning Administrator.
- **C. Application deemed complete.** Once the Director of Planning and Zoning and the Zoning Administrator deem the application to be complete, the application and supporting materials are transmitted to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

## D. Action by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

- **i. Final Decision.** The Board of Zoning Appeals has the final decision authority on Zoning Variances.
- **ii. Board may Impose Conditions.** In authorizing a variance, the board may impose such conditions regarding the location, character, and other features of the proposed structure or use as it may deem necessary in the public interest and may require a guarantee or bond to ensure that the conditions imposed are being and will continue to be complied with.
- **6. Appeals.** Decisions by the Board of Zoning Appeals may be appealed to the Circuit Court per the Code of Virginia, §15.2-2285, 1950, as amended.
- **7. Variance Valid for six (6) months from Approval.** Any variance authorized by the board to permit the erection or alteration of a building or structure shall be valid only

for six months. Within the six months, a Building Permit must be obtained for the approve variance to remain valid.

# **Code of Virginia**

## § 15.2-2309. Powers and duties of boards of zoning appeals

Boards of zoning appeals shall have the following powers and duties:

- 1. To hear and decide appeals from any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative officer in the administration or enforcement of this article or of any ordinance adopted pursuant thereto. The decision on such appeal shall be based on the board's judgment of whether the administrative officer was correct. The determination of the administrative officer shall be presumed to be correct. At a hearing on an appeal, the administrative officer shall explain the basis for his determination after which the appellant has the burden of proof to rebut such presumption of correctness by a preponderance of the evidence. The board shall consider any applicable ordinances, laws, and regulations in making its decision. For purposes of this section, determination means any order, requirement, decision or determination made by an administrative officer. Any appeal of a determination to the board shall be in compliance with this section, notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, to grant upon appeal or original application in specific cases a variance as defined in § 15.2-2201, provided that the burden of proof shall be on the applicant for a variance to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that his application meets the standard for a variance as defined in § 15.2-2201 and the criteria set out in this section.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, a variance shall be granted if the evidence shows that the strict application of the terms of the ordinance would unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property or that the granting of the variance would alleviate a hardship due to a physical condition relating to the property or improvements thereon at the time of the effective date of the ordinance, or alleviate a hardship by granting a reasonable modification to a property or improvements thereon requested by, or on behalf of, a person with a disability, and (i) the property interest for which the variance is being requested was acquired in good faith and any hardship was not created by the applicant for the variance; (ii) the granting of the variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property and nearby properties in the proximity of that geographical area; (iii) the condition or situation of the property concerned is not of so general or recurring a nature as to make reasonably practicable the formulation of a

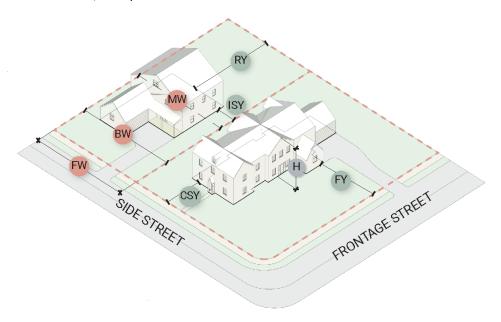
general regulation to be adopted as an amendment to the ordinance; (iv) the granting of the variance does not result in a use that is not otherwise permitted on such property or a change in the zoning classification of the property; and (v) the relief or remedy sought by the variance application is not available through a special exception process that is authorized in the ordinance pursuant to subdivision 6 of § 15.2-2309 or the process for modification of a zoning ordinance pursuant to subdivision A 4 of § 15.2-2286 at the time of the filing of the variance application. Any variance granted to provide a reasonable modification to a property or improvements thereon requested by, or on behalf of, a person with a disability may expire when the person benefited by it is no longer in need of the modification to such property or improvements provided by the variance, subject to the provisions of state and federal fair housing laws, or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12131 et seq.), as applicable. If a request for a reasonable modification is made to a locality and is appropriate under the provisions of state and federal fair housing laws, or the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12131 et seq.), as applicable, such request shall be granted by the locality unless a variance from the board of zoning appeals under this section is required in order for such request to be granted.

No variance shall be considered except after notice and hearing as required by § 15.2-2204. However, when giving any required notice to the owners, their agents or the occupants of abutting property and property immediately across the street or road from the property affected, the board may give such notice by first-class mail rather than by registered or certified mail.

In granting a variance, the board may impose such conditions regarding the location, character, and other features of the proposed structure or use as it may deem necessary in the public interest and may require a guarantee or bond to ensure that the conditions imposed are being and will continue to be complied with. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, the property upon which a property owner has been granted a variance shall be treated as conforming for all purposes under state law and local ordinance; however, the structure permitted by the variance may not be expanded unless the expansion is within an area of the site or part of the structure for which no variance is required under the ordinance. Where the expansion is proposed within an area of the site or part of the structure for which a variance is required, the approval of an additional variance shall be required.

## Sec. 18-219. Residential - Single-Unit, 10,000 sq. ft. Zone (RS-10).

1. **RS-10 Purpose.** The purpose of this zone is to provide standards for single-unit, detached residences with a minimum lot area of 10,000 square feet.



#### 2. RS-10 Dimensional Standards.

Principal Structure Count: 1 per lot max.

BUILDABLE LOT DIMENSIONS			
	Lot Area	10,000 sq. ft. min.	
FW	Lot Width at Front Lot Line	45 ft. min.	
BW	Lot Width at Front Building Line	60 ft. min.	
MW	Lot Width at Midline	75 ft. min.	
RESIDENTIAL COVERAGE			
Lot coverage	25% max.		
Outdoor living coverage	5% max. covered by decks Up to 400 sq. ft. of decks may be covered, with conditions outlined in § 18-213		
BUILDING STANDARDS			
Н	Building Height	35 ft. max.	
	Number of Stories	2.5 max.	
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS			
FY	Front Yard Setback	25 ft. min. from front property line, incl. after any required dedication	
ISY	Interior Side Yard Setback	12 ft. min. Non-Residential Principal Structures: 30 ft. min.	

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CSY	Corner Side Yard Setback	25 ft. min.
RY	Rear Yard Setback	35 ft. min.

#### **Reference to Other Standards**

Uses and Use Standards; Accessory Living Units: See Article 3;

Accessory structure setbacks: See Article 4A;

Development Standards - Single-Unit Detached Residential Uses: See Article 4A;

Development Standards - Public, Institutional, and Community Uses - See Article 5B.

(Ord. of 11-22-2024)

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#### Sec. 18-213. Lot coverage.

- 1. **Residential lot coverage.** Percentage of a lot that is measured by the sum of the area covered by buildings, accessory buildings, automobile parking spaces and access, stoops, sport courts, tennis courts, patios and terraces divided by the total lot area.
- 2. Deck and Outdoor living coverage. Percentage of a lot that is measured by the total area of the lot that is covered by decks divided by the total lot area. The combined deck and outdoor living coverage may not exceed 5% of the total lot area. Deck area includes: 1) any open decking projecting from the principal structure, 2) deck landings or porches extending from stairs or the principal structure, 3) outdoor living structures meeting the criteria. Stairs are excluded from the deck and outdoor living coverage calculation. Up to four hundred (400) sq. ft. of deck may be covered and not count towards lot coverage with the following conditions:
  - A. Must be single-level, with no roof decks or patios below;
  - B. Cannot have solid walls, except the wall of the principal structure and seating walls no greater than 18" in height. Only railings and screening is permitted;
  - C. Cannot be located in the front yard;
  - D. Must provide for stormwater BMPs in accordance with the Stormwater Manual for Outdoor Living Areas and meet all criteria included in said manual; and
  - E. Must remain as permitted by the Town of Vienna and may not be converted into conditioned living space.

(Ord. of 2-24-2025)

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